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SP6239P

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Polyclonal Antibody to FLASH (CT)

Catalog No.: SP6239P

Quantity: 50 μg

Concentration: 0.5 mg/ml

Host: Rabbit

Immunogen: Rabbit anti-FLASH (CT) polyclonal antibody was raised against a synthetic peptide

corresponding to amino acids 1253 to 1268 of human origin, which differ from those of

mouse by one amino acid (1, 2).

Applications: Western blot (0.25 - .05 µg/ml). HeLa cell lysate can be used as positive control and an

approximate 220 kDa band can be detected. Other applications not tested. Optimal dilutions of this antibody are dependent on conditions and should be determined by the

user.

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Specificity: This antibody recognises the C-terminal region of FLICE - associated huge protein (FLASH).

A novel mammalian CED-4 homologous was recently identified and cloned in mouse (1) and human (2) and designated FLASH (for FLICE-associated huge protein). FLASH is involved in Fas induced apoptosis. It is recruited to Fas after the receptor cross-linking. Overexpression of wild type of FLASH facilitates and its dominant negative form inhibits Fas induced apoptosis. FLASH interacts with the DEDs of caspase-8 and FADD through the DED-like domain of FLASH and mediates activation of caspase-8 (1). There are parallels between FLASH and Apaf-1/CED-4 although there are arguments against their structural

similarity (1, 2). FLASH is widely expressed.

Store at +4oC or at -20oC if preferred. This product should be stored undiluted. Avoid

repeated freezing and thawing. Shelf life: one year from despatch.

General Readings: 1. Imai Y, Kimura T, Murakami A, Yajima N, Sakamaki K, Yonehara S. The CED-4-homologous

protein FLASH is involved in Fas-mediated activation of caspase-8 during apoptosis.

Nature. 1999 Apr 29;398(6730):777-85. PubMed PMID: 10235259.

2. Koonin EV, Aravind L, Hofmann K, Tschopp J, Dixit VM Apoptosis. Searching for FLASH

domains. Nature 1999; 401:662-3.

3. Medema JP. Apoptosis. Life and death in