

EUD2801**Polyclonal Antibody to Vesicular Amine Transporter 2 (VMAT2) - Serum**

Alternate names:	Monoamine transporter, SVMT, Solute carrier family 18 member 2, Synaptic vesicular amine transporter, VAT2, Vesicular amine transporter 2
Quantity:	50 µl
Background:	The vesicular monoamine transporter is responsible for the vesicular uptake of monoamines, like dopamine, norepinephrine, epinephrine, serotonin and histamine.
Uniprot ID:	Q05940
NCBI:	NP_003045.2
GeneID:	6571
Host:	Guinea Pig
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide from the C-terminal of Rat VMAT2 conjugated to BSA. AA Sequence: C-Q-S-Y-P-I-G-D-D-E-E-S-E-S-D-OH
Format:	State: Lyophilized Serum Reconstitution: Dissolve in 50-100 µl distilled water, and dilute further with 0.1M PBS with 1% BSA and 0.09% Sodium Azide.
Applications:	Western Blot (1/500). Immunohistochemistry on Frozen Sections: 1/2000-1/3000 using FITC, with over-night incubation at 2-8°C. Positive Control: Frozen sections of Rat small intestine. Other applications not tested. Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should be determined by the user.
Specificity:	This antiserum recognizes monoaminergic neurons of the CNS, the ECL-cells of the stomach, as well as enteric nerve fibers. In Western blot experiments using a crude synaptic vesicle fraction of Rat brain, the 70 kDa of anti-VMaT2 is recognized (Recommended Dilution: 1/500). Absorption with 10-100 µg immunogen per ml diluted antiserum abolishes the staining.
Species Reactivity:	Tested: Human, Mouse, Pig and Rat.
Storage:	Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquot) at -20°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Shelf life: one year from despatch.