

**BM5042B****Monoclonal Antibody to Cytokeratin 5 (+ KRT8) - Biotin**

<b>Alternate names:</b>	58 kDa Cytokeratin, CK5, Cytokeratin-5, K5, KRT5, Keratin 5, Keratin type II cytoskeletal 5, Keratin-5
<b>Quantity:</b>	0.25 ml
<b>Background:</b>	<p><b>Cytokeratin 5</b> is a member of the keratin gene family. The type II cytokeratins consist of basic or neutral proteins which are arranged in pairs of heterotypic keratin chains coexpressed during differentiation of simple and stratified epithelial tissues. This type II cytokeratin is specifically expressed in the basal layer of the epidermis with family member KRT14. Mutations in these genes have been associated with a complex of diseases termed epidermolysis bullosa simplex. The type II cytokeratins are clustered in a region of chromosome 12q12-q13.</p> <p><b>Cytokeratin 8</b> is a member of the type II keratin family clustered on the long arm of chromosome 12. Type I and type II keratins heteropolymerize to form intermediate-sized filaments in the cytoplasm of epithelial cells. The product of this gene typically dimerizes with keratin 18 to form an intermediate filament in simple single-layered epithelial cells. This protein plays a role in maintaining cellular structural integrity and also functions in signal transduction and cellular differentiation. Mutations in this gene cause cryptogenic cirrhosis.</p>
<b>Uniprot ID:</b>	<a href="#">P13647</a>
<b>NCBI:</b>	<a href="#">NP_000415</a>
<b>GeneID:</b>	<a href="#">3852</a>
<b>Host / Isotype:</b>	Mouse / IgG1
<b>Recommended Isotype Controls:</b>	SM10B (for use in human samples)
<b>Clone:</b>	C22 (Ks 5+8.22)
<b>Immunogen:</b>	Human keratin K8, purified from SDS PAGE gel.
<b>Format:</b>	<b>State:</b> Liquid purified IgG fraction <b>Purification:</b> Affinity Chromatography on Protein A <b>Preservatives:</b> 0.09% Sodium Azide <b>Label:</b> Biotin
<b>Applications:</b>	<b>ELISA.</b> <b>Flow Cytometry.</b> <b>Immunocytology.</b> <b>Immunohistochemistry on Frozen Tissues:</b> 1/10-1/20. <b><i>Incubation time:</i></b> 1 h at RT. <b>Immunohistochemistry on Paraffin-Embedded Tissues:</b> 1/10-1/20. Microwave treatment is recommended prior to antibody application. <b><i>Incubation time:</i></b> Overnight at 2-8°C. Other applications not tested. Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should be determined by the user.

- Specificity:** Antibody clone C22 represents an excellent marker for distinguishing carcinomas from all non-epithelial tumors. The antibody specifically reacts with Keratins K5 and K8 present in nearly all epithelia.  
**Polypeptide Reacting:** Mr 52 500, Mr 58 000 keratins (type II keratins K5 and K8; formerly also designated cytokeratins 5 and 8) of human epithelial cells.  
**Tested Reactivities on Cultured Cell Lines:** MCF-7, RT 112, HT-29, Detroit 562, RPMI 2650, SSC-12, bovine BMGE+H, BMGE-H, MDBK.  
**Epitope** has been mapped to aa 353-367 on alpha helical rod domain (See Waseem *et al.* 2004).  
**Species:** Human, Bovine, Murine, Amphibia, Pig and Hydra.  
Other species not tested.
- Storage:** Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.  
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.  
Shelf life: one year from despatch.
- General Readings:**
1. Bártek J, Vojtšek B, Stasková Z, Bártková J, Kerekés Z, Rejthar A, et al. A series of 14 new monoclonal antibodies to keratins: characterization and value in diagnostic histopathology. *J Pathol.* 1991 Jul;164(3):215-24. PubMed PMID: 1716305.
  2. Heid H, Vojtesek B, Bruder G, Kaufman M, Staskova Z, Kovarik J, Bartek J, Franke WW: Cell type heterogeneity of mammary gland epithelial and breast carcinoma cells as revealed by cytokeratin expression. *Differentiation* (1991)
  3. Moll R, Franke WW, Schiller DL, Geiger B, Krepler R. The catalog of human cytokeratins: patterns of expression in normal epithelia, tumors and cultured cells. *Cell.* 1982 Nov;31(1):11-24. PubMed PMID: 6186379.
  4. Waseem A, Karsten U, Leigh IM, Purkis P, Waseem NH, Lane EB. Conformational changes in the rod domain of human keratin 8 following heterotypic association with keratin 18 and its implication for filament stability. *Biochemistry.* 2004 Feb 10;43(5):1283-95. PubMed PMID: 14756564.