

AR51790PU-N

Human CD9 (112-195, His-tag) - Purified

Alternate names:	5H9 antigen, Cell growth-inhibiting gene 2 protein, GIG2, Leukocyte antigen MIC3, MIC3, Motility-related protein, TSPAN29, Tetraspanin-29, p24
Quantity:	0.5 mg
Concentration:	0.25 mg/ml (determined by Bradford assay)
Background:	CD9, also known as CD9 antigen, is a protein that in humans is encoded by the CD9 gene. CD9 is a cell surface glycoprotein that is known to complex with integrins and other transmembrane 4 superfamily proteins. It is found on the surface of exosomes. It can modulate cell adhesion and migration and also trigger platelet activation and aggregation. In addition, the protein appears to promote muscle cell fusion and support myotube maintenance. This protein also seems to be a key part in the egg-sperm fusion during mammalian fertilization, as CD9 knocked-out mice gametes don't undergo fusion.
Uniprot ID:	P21926
NCBI:	NP_001760
GenelD:	928
Species:	Human
Source:	E. coli
Format:	State: Liquid purified protein Purity: >85% by SDS - PAGE Buffer System: Phosphate buffer saline (pH 7.4) containing 20% glycerol, 1mM DTT.
Description:	Recombinant human CD9, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques. AA Sequence: MGSSHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MGSSHKDEVI KEVQEFYKDT YNKLTKDEP QRETLKAIHY ALNCCGLAGG VEQFISDICP KKDVLFTFTV KSCPDAlKEV FDNKFHI Molecular weight: 12 kDa (107aa) confirmed by MALDI-TOF.
Storage:	Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots) at -20°C to -80°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Shelf life: one year from despatch.
General Readings:	Horváth G, Serru V, et al. (1998). J Biol Chem. 273(46):30537-43. Charrin S, Le Naour F, et al. (2001). J Biol Chem.276(17):14329-37.

Pictures:

