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AR51462PU-S Human GAD1 / GAD67 (1-224, His-tag) - Purified

Alternate names: 67 kDa glutamic acid decarboxylase, GAD-67, Glutamate decarboxylase 1, Glutamate

decarboxylase 67 kDa isoform

Quantity: 50 μg

Concentration: 0.5 mg/ml (determined by Bradford assay)

Background: GAD1 is one of several forms of glutamic acid decarboxylase, identified as a major

autoantigen in insulin-dependent diabetes. It is responsible for catalyzing the production of gamma-aminobutyric acid from L-glutamic acid. A pathogenic role for this enzyme has been identified in the human pancreas since it has been identified as an autoantigen and an autoreactive T cell target in insulin-dependent diabetes. This protien may also play a role in the stiff man syndrome. Deficiency in this enzyme has been shown to lead to pyridoxine dependency with seizures. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two products, the predominant 67-kD form and a less-frequent

25-kD form.

NP 038473

Uniprot ID: <u>099259</u>

NCBI:

GeneID: 2571
Species: Human
Source: E. coli

Format: State: Liquid purified protein

Purity: >85% by SDS - PAGE

Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 10% glycerol, 0.4M Urea

Description: Recombinant human GAD1 protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in

E.coli.

AA Sequence:

MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MGSMASSTPS SSATSSNAGA DPNTTNLRPT TYDTWCGVAH GCTRKLGLKI CGFLQRTNSL EEKSRLVSAF KERQSSKNLL SCENSDRDAR FRRTETDFSN LFARDLLPAK NGEEQTVQFL LEVVDILLNY VRKTFDRSTK VLDFHHPHQL LEGMEGFNLE LSDHPESLEQ ILVDCRDTLK YGVRTGHPRF FNQLSTGLDI IGLAGEWLTS TANTNMPSDM

RECWLLR

Molecular weight: 27.7 kDa (247 aa)

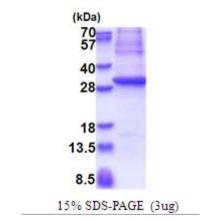
Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots) at -20°C to -80°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Shelf life: one year from despatch.

General Readings: Chessler S.D., Lernmark A., et al. (2000) J. Biol. Chem. 275:5188-5192.



Pictures:



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