

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850 UNITED STATES Phone: +1-888-267-4436 Fax: +1-301-340-8606 techsupport@origene.com

OriGene Technologies GmbH

Schillerstr. 5 32052 Herford GERMANY Phone: +49-5221-34606-0 Fax: +49-5221-34606-11 info-de@origene.com

AR26014PU-L Mouse VEGF144 (VEGF144) - Purified

Alternate names:	VEGF, VEGFA, VPF, Vascular endothelial growth factor A, Vascular permeability factor
Quantity:	20 µg
Background:	Mouse Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor144 (VEGF144), a 16,9 kDa protein consisting of 144 amino acid residues, is produced as a homodimer. VEGF144 is a polypeptide growth factor and a member of the platelet-derived growth factor family. It is a specific mitogen for vascular endothelial cells and a strong angiogenic factor in vivo.
	Two high-affinity tyrosine kinase receptors for VEGF144 have been identified, VEGFR-1 (FLT-1), and VEGFR-2 (Flk-1). Consistent with the endothelial cell-specific action of VEGF144, expression of both receptor genes has been found predominantly but not exclusively on endothelial cells. Expression of VEGFR-1 was also found on human monocytes, neutrophils (PMNs), bovine brain pericytes and villous and extravillous trophoblasts. In addition to its action as a mitogen it is a potent vascular permeability factor (VPF) in vivo and is also a chemo attractant for monocytes and endothelial cells. At least four different proteins are generated by differential splicing of the mouse VEGF gene: VEGF120, VEGF144, VEGF164 and VEGF188. The most abundant form is VEGF164. Whereas VEGF120 VEGF144 and VEGF164 are secreted proteins, VEGF188 is strongly cell-associated. In addition, the isoforms VEGF164 and VEGF188 bind to heparin with high affinity. VEGF is apparently a homodimer, but preparations of VEGF show some heterogeneity on SDS gels depending of the secretion of different forms and the varying degrees of glycosylation. All dimeric forms possess similar biological activities. There is evidence that heterodimeric molecules between the different isoforms exists and that different cells and tissues express different VEGF isoforms. A related protein of VEGF is placenta growth factor (PIGF) with about 53% homology and VEGF-B with similar biological activities.
Species:	Mouse
Source:	E. coli
Format:	 State: Lyophilized protein Purity: >95% by SDS-PAGE and silver stain Buffer System: 50 mM acetic acid, without stabilizer Endotoxin Level: < 0.1 ng/μg of VEGF144 Reconstitution: The lyophilized VEGF144 is soluble in water and most aqueous buffers. The lyophilized VEGF144 should be reconstituted in 50mM acetic acid to a concentration not lower than 50μg/ml.
Description:	Recombinant Murine Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor144 Biological Activity: Determined by the dose-dependent stimulation of the proliferation of human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVEC) using a concentration range of 2-10 ng/ml. Molecular weight: 33.8 kDa

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Add. Information:	Range: 1.0-10.0 ng/ml Protein RefSeq: NP 001020421 mRNA RefSeq: NM 001025250
Storage:	Store (following reconstitution in aliquots) at -20 °C or below. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Shelf life: one year from despatch.
General Readings:	 Breier et al., Dev 114:521, 1992. Fiebig et al., Eur J Biochem 211:19, 1993. Flamme et al., Dev Biol 162:699, 1995. Kremer at al., Cancer Res 57:3852, 1997.

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