

## OriGene Technologies Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive. Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850 **UNITED STATES** 

Phone: +1-888-267-4436 Fax: +1-301-340-8606 techsupport@origene.com

OriGene EU

AP15227PII-N

**Acris Antibodies GmbH** 

Schillerstr. 5 32052 Herford **GERMANY** 

Phone: +49-5221-34606-0 Fax: +49-5221-34606-11 info@acris-antibodies.com

## Polyclonal Antibody to PTP-U (N-term) - Purified

Catalog No.: AP15227PU-N

**Quantity:** 0.1 mg **Concentration:** 0.25 mg/ml

**Background:** PTP-U, a member of the receptor class 2B subfamily of protein-tyrosine phosophatases, is

> involved in regulation of processes involving cell contact and adhesion such as growth control, tumor invasion, and metastasis. It forms complexes with beta-catenin and gammacatenin/plakoglobin. This Type I membrane protein is found at high levels in brain, pancreas, and skeletal muscle; less in colon, kidney, liver, stomach, and uterus; no expression is observed in placenta and spleen. PTP-U is up-regulated upon cell contact. The protein contains 4 fibronectin type III domains, 1 immunoglobulin-like C2-type domain,

1 MAM domain, and 2 protein-tyrosine phosphatase domains.

Host / Isotype: Rabbit / Ig

Immunogen: This antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic

peptide selected from the N-terminal region of human PTP-U.

Format: State: Liquid purified Ig fraction

Purification: Protein G column, eluted with high and low pH buffers and neutralized

immediately, followed by dialysis against PBS Buffer System: PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide

**Applications:** ELISA: 1/1,000.

Other applications not tested. Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should

be determined by the user.

This antibody reacts to PTP-U. **Specificity:** 

Species: Human.

Other species not tested.

Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Storage:

> Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Shelf life: one year from despatch.

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Caution:

**General Readings:** 1. Wang, H., et al., Oncogene 12(12):2555-2562 (1996).

