

## Polyclonal Antibody to Tyrosine-protein kinase JAK2 (C-term) - Aff - Purified

<b>Alternate names:</b>	JAK-2, Janus kinase 2
<b>Catalog No.:</b>	AP05273PU-N
<b>Quantity:</b>	0.1 mg
<b>Concentration:</b>	Lot specific
<b>Background:</b>	Janus Activating Kinase 2 (JAK2) is a 130 kDa tyrosine kinase involved in cytoplasmic signal transduction. Ligand binding to a variety of cell surface receptors (e.g., cytokine, growth factor, GPCRs) leads to an association of those receptors with JAK proteins, which are then activated via phosphorylation on tyrosines 1007 and 1008 in the kinase activation loop. Activated JAK proteins phosphorylate and activate STAT (signal transducers and activators of transcription) proteins, which then dimerize and translocate to the nucleus. Once in the nucleus, STAT proteins bind to DNA and modify the transcription of various genes, which can lead to various responses such as cell proliferation, cell survival and differentiation. The JAK2 antibody is useful as a positive control and for measuring total JAK2 protein levels to compare signals obtained with the JAK2 PSSA.
<b>Uniprot ID:</b>	<a href="#">O60674</a>
<b>NCBI:</b>	<a href="#">NP_004963.1</a>
<b>GeneID:</b>	<a href="#">3717</a>
<b>Host / Isotype:</b>	Rabbit / IgG
<b>Immunogen:</b>	Chemically synthesized peptide derived from the C-terminal region of human JAK2 <b>Remarks:</b> The sequence is conserved in mouse and rat.
<b>Format:</b>	<b>State:</b> Liquid Ig fraction <b>Purification:</b> Affinity chromatography <b>Buffer System:</b> Phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.3, with 1.0 mg/ml BSA and 0.05% sodium azide and 50% glycerol
<b>Applications:</b>	Western blot: 0.5-1.0 µg/ml. Positive control: Human epidermoid carcinoma (A431) cells; 3T3-L1 adipocytes. Other applications not tested. Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should be determined by the user.
<b>Specificity:</b>	This antibody detects JAK2. Jak2 is expressed in blood, bone marrow and lymph node. <b>Species:</b> Human, Mouse, Rat. Other species not tested.
<b>Storage:</b>	Store the product (in aliquots) at -20 °C. Can be shipped at 2 - 8 °C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Shelf life: One year from despatch.

- General Readings:** Frank, G.D., et al. (2003) Distinct mechanisms of receptor and nonreceptor tyrosine kinase activation by reactive oxygen species in vascular smooth muscle cells: role of metalloprotease and protein kinase C-delta. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 23(5):1581-1589.
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- Eguchi, S., et al. (2001) Activation of MAPKs by angiotensin II in vascular smooth muscle cells. Metalloprotease-dependent EGF receptor activation is required for activation of ERK and p38 MAPK but not for JNK. *J. Biol. Chem.* 276(11):7957-7962.
- Madamanchi, N.R., et al. (2001) Thrombin regulates vascular smooth muscle cell growth and heat shock proteins via the JAK-STAT pathway. *J. Biol. Chem.* 276(22):18915-18924.
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- Ihle, J.N. (1996) STATs: signal transducers and activators of transcription. *Cell* 84(3):331-334.

**Pictures:**

Western blot using JAK2 antibody (AP05273PU-N) on NIH3T3 cells stimulated with PDGF for 10 minutes. Antibody used at 1 µg/ml and incubated for 2 hours at RT. Detected using goat antirabbit IgG conjugated to HRP.

