

AM06087SU-N**Monoclonal Antibody to SARS S - Supernatant**

Alternate names:	SARS CoV E2 glycoprotein
Quantity:	0.1 ml
Background:	SARS (severe acute respiratory syndrome) is caused by a human coronavirus. Human coronaviruses are the major cause of upper respiratory tract illness, such as the common cold, in humans. Coronaviruses are positive-stranded RNA viruses, featuring the largest viral RNA genomes known to date (27-31 kb). The complete sequence of the SARS virus release the coronavirus contains 25 open reading frames. SARS-E2 glycoprotein precursor is a 139-kDa glycoprotein. It contains a superantigen between residues 690 through 1050 which has relationship to T-cell Receptor alpha-beta V chain protein.
Host / Isotype:	Mouse / IgG1
Clone:	4A6C9
Immunogen:	Purified recombinant fragment of SARS-E2 glycoprotein precursor expressed in E. Coli.
Format:	State: Subclonal Supernatant
Applications:	ELISA: 1/10000. Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Other applications not tested. Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should be determined by the user.
Specificity:	Recognizes SARS E2
Species Reactivity:	Tested: Human coronavirus.
Storage:	Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Shelf life: one year from despatch.
General Readings:	1. Fournel S, Morel P, Revillard JP, Lizard G, Bonnefoy-Berard N. Inhibition of human T cell response to staphylococcal enterotoxin B by prior ligation of surface CD4 molecules. Cell Immunol. 1993 Aug;150(1):194-204. PubMed PMID: 8102087. 2. Marcinkiewicz J, Szymanowska Z, Mazurek A. [Immunoregulatory mechanisms of action of intravenous gammaglobulin in Kawasaki syndrome]. Przegl Lek. 1998;55(11):611-3. PubMed PMID: 10216377.

Pictures:

Western blot analysis using SARS-E2GP3 antibody Cat.-No AM06087SU-N against SARS-E2GP3 recombinant protein.

