

AM10028PU-N**Monoclonal Antibody to pan Cytokeratin - Purified**

Alternate names:	Cytokeratin pan-reactive, pan Keratin
Quantity:	1 ml
Concentration:	0.2 mg/ml
Background:	Cytokeratins are intermediate filament keratins found in the intracytoplasmic cytoskeleton of epithelial tissue. There are two types of Cytokeratins: the low weight, acidic type I cytokeratins and the high weight, basic or neutral type II. Cytokeratins are usually found in pairs comprising a type I Cytokeratin and a type II cytokeratin. The high molecular weight cytokeratins, which are the basic or neutral cytokeratins, comprise subtypes CK1(67), CK2(65.5), CK3(64), CK4(59), CK5(58), CK6(56), CK7(54), CK8(52.5) and CK9. The low molecular weight cytokeratins, which are the acidic cytokeratins, comprise subtypes CK10 (56.5), CK12 (56), CK13 (53), CK14 (50), CK16 (48), CK17 (46), CK18 (45), CK19 (48) and CK20 (46).
Host / Isotype:	Mouse / IgG1
Recommended Isotype Controls:	SM10P (for use in human samples), SM20P (for use in rat samples), AM03095PU-N
Clone:	AE1/AE3
Immunogen:	Human epidermal keratin. Remarks: Molecular weight of antigen: CK1 (67), CK2 (65.5), CK3 (64), CK4 (59), CK5 (58) CK6 (56) CK8 (52.5). + CK1 (67), CK2 (65.5), CK3 (64), CK4 (59), CK5 (58) CK6 (56) CK8 (52.5).
Format:	State: Liquid purified IgG fraction Purification: Protein A Chromatography Buffer System: PBS, pH 7.4 Preservatives: 0.05% Sodium Azide Stabilizers: 1% BSA
Applications:	Immunocytochemistry. Immunohistochemistry on Frozen and Formalin-Fixed Paraffin-Embedded Sections and cell Smears. Dilute concentrated antibody at 1/50-1/100, use streptavidin~biotin system or polymer system, incubate 30 minutes at room temperature. For FFPE tissue sections antigen retriever like trypsin is required. <u>Recommended Positive Control:</u> Human skin, lung ca. Other applications not tested. Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should be determined by the user.
Specificity:	AE 1/AE3 represents an excellent marker for distinguishing carcinomas from non-epithelial tumors; reacts with all epithelium-derived tumors and their neoplasms. Decorates the majority of type I and type II keratins (formerly also designated cytokeratins). This antibody stains cytokeratins present in normal and abnormal human tissues and has shown high sensitivity in the recognition of epithelial cells and carcinomas.

This antibody AE 1/AE 3 recognizes Low Molecular Weight Cytokeratins (CK 10 (56.5), CK14 (50), CK15 (50), CK16 (48) and CK19 (40) of the acidic family and CK1 (67), CK2 (65.5), CK3 (64), CK4 (59), CK5 (58) CK6 (56) and CK8 (52.5).

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic.

Species Reactivity:

Tested: Human, Monkey, Bovine, Porcine, Rat, Mouse, Rabbit and Chicken.

Storage:

Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Shelf life: One year from despatch.

General Readings:

Battifora, H., Sheibani, K., Tubbs, R.R., Kopinski, M.I. and Sun, T.-T.: Anti-keratin antibodies in tumor diagnosis: Distinction between seminoma and embryonal carcinoma. *Cancer* 54, 843-848 (1984)

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Moll, R., Franke, W.W., Schiller, D.L., Geiger, B. and Krepler, R.: The catalog of human cytokeratins: Patterns of expression in normal epithelia, tumors and cultured cells. *Cell* 31, 11-24 (1982)

Shi, S.-R., Goodman, M.L., Chan, A.K., Pilch, B.Z., Chen, L.B. and Sun, T.-T.: Immunohistochemical study of nasopharyngeal carcinoma using monoclonal anti-keratin antibodies. *Am. J. Pathol.* 117, 53-63 (1984)

Spagnolo, D.V., Michie, S.A., Crabtree, G.S., Warnke, R.A. and Rouse, R.V.: Monoclonal anti-keratin (AE1) reactivity in routinely processed tissue from 166 human neoplasms. *Am. J. Clin. Pathol.* 84, 697-704 (1985)

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Sun, T.-T., Tseng, S.C.G., Huang, A.J.W., Cooper, D., Lynch, M.H., Weiss, R.A., Eichner, R., A. and Schermer, A.: Monoclonal antibody studies of keratin expression: A review. In: *Intermediate Filaments. The New York Acad. Sci.* (E. Wang, D. Fischmann, R. Liem, and T.-T. Sun, eds.) 455, 307-329 (1985)

Tseng, S.C.G., Jarvinen, M., Nelson, W.G., Huang, J.-W., Woodcock-Mitchell, J. and Sun, T.-T.: Correlation of specific keratins with different types of epithelial differentiation: Monoclonal antibody studies. *Cell* 30, 361-372 (1982)

Woodcock-Mitchell, J., Eichner, R., Nelson, W.G. and Sun, T.-T.: Immunolocalization of

keratin polypeptides in human epidermis using monoclonal antibodies. J. Cell Biol. 95, 580-588 (1982)

Weiss, R.A., Eichner, R. and Sun, T.-T.: Monoclonal antibody analysis of keratin expression in epidermal diseases: A 48 kD and a 56 kD keratin as molecular markers for hyperproliferating keratinocytes. J. Cell Biol. 98, 1397-1406 (1984)

Weiss, R.A., Guillet, G.Y., Freedberg, I.M., Small, E.-A., Farmer, E.R., Weiss, M. and Sun, T.-T.: The use of monoclonal antibody to keratin in human epidermal disease: Alterations in immunohistochemical staining pattern. J. Invest. Dermatol. 81, 2279-2286 (1983)